

ROSEBERY.

The Premier Makes an Important Speech in Sheffield.

The Czar of Russia the Preserver of the Peace of Europe.

Great Britain Will Not Interfere in the War Between Japan and China—There is No Contention Between England and France About Madagascar.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—Lord Rosebery made an important speech in Sheffield Thursday evening.

Everybody, he said, acquainted with the history of Russia the last twelve years must feel an immense debt of obligation to the czar, the watchword of whose reign was worship of peace. The czar would enjoy in history a reputation as a victor in peace not less undisputed than the reputation Caesar and Napoleon enjoyed as conquerors. The premier extolled the czar's absolutely conscientious devotion to truth in diplomatic as well as in private matters. Great Britain, he said, had the greatest possible interest in the continuation of the czar's life and health, because, if he should be removed, the greatest guarantee of peace of the world would disappear.

Referring to the recent meeting of the British cabinet, the premier said that none of the alleged reasons for the summoning of the cabinet on that occasion were correct. The question of intervention between Japan and China was not discussed. No circular had been issued to the powers and no rebuff had been suffered from them. He would, he continued, state in general the government's policy in regard to China and Japan. It was impossible to regard with indifference a possible sudden destruction of the central government of China—a government already none too strong. Its destruction would involve appalling danger to every Christian in the Chinese empire, and an overflow of dangerous and barbarous elements into every adjoining part of the world, implying the greatest possible catastrophe to Asiatic civilization. [Applause.]

After the first Japanese victory the British government had learned from a very high and most convincing source that China was willing to concede honorable terms, materially exceeding Japan's demands when the war was entered upon, and such as Japan could certainly accept without lessening her prestige or advantage. Her ministry could not absolutely pocket this, and did not find any great hopes upon the overtures but continued upon their duty to sound the countries of Europe and the United States to ascertain whether, in their opinions, there was any possibility of China and Japan coming to terms on the basis indicated. The reception of Great Britain's approaches was favorable. The European powers seemed to feel that a common calamity overhung them, but one or two judged that the time had not arrived when conditions could, with advantage, be submitted to the combatants.

It might be asked why he had consulted the powers at all—why he had not acted alone. He would reply that in a great catastrophe of this kind the more powers there were engaged in the efforts toward peace, so much the better was the prospect of their attaining their object. He believed that, whenever it was possible, every British foreign minister should obtain a concert of the powers in important internal affairs, and in such a case as the present the foreign minister would have been culpable if he had not sought a concert of the powers. Moreover, in the jealous condition of affairs the war has produced, it would have been impossible for Great Britain to attempt to act as a bottle-holder without incurring the suspicion of the other powers and all interested in the east.

Referring to Madagascar, Lord Rosebery said he doubted whether the name had ever been mentioned between France and Great Britain. He hoped this would dispel all ideas of contention between France and Great Britain in regard to Madagascar. France had undoubtedly treaty rights in and a protectorate over Madagascar. As long as France did not exceed her rights, which there was no reason to suppose she would do, England could only abide by the treaty which she herself had signed.

JAPS WIN A BATTLE.

Only a Little One, But Goes—Not a Single Jap Fatally Wounded.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—A dispatch to the Central News from Wi Ju says Count Yamagata, commander-in-chief of the Japanese forces in Korea, has reported to the government at Tokio that a detachment of 1,000 Japanese infantry crossed the Yalu river on the morning of October 24 at Sukochin, above Wi Ju. Shortly after crossing the river the troops met a body of Chinese, composed of six hundred cavalry and one hundred infantry, with two cannons. The Japanese at once made an attack upon the enemy and the latter fled, leaving behind them the two guns and a large number of muskets. The Chinese lost twenty killed or wounded, but there was not a single fatality among the Japanese. The latter also seized a fort near the scene of the engagement. A detachment of the Japanese forces is advancing upon Laishien, and the main body is crossing the Yalu river.

Kills His Sister.

QUINCY, Ill., Oct. 26.—Minnie, the 17-year-old daughter of Bruce Poland, a prominent citizen of Clayton, was shot Thursday by her brother Leonard, aged 21 years, with a target rifle. The bullet entered her forehead and instantly killed her. The shooting is believed to have been accidental.

Near Odon, Ind., a farmer fed wheat to 16 hogs and from the sale thereof figures that the wheat brought him 91 cents per bushel.

SOVEREIGN'S SAYINGS.

The K. of L. Master Workman Again Talks of Workmen Inaugurating a Revolution.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 26.—A meeting of laboring men held here Thursday evening General Master Workman Sovereign, of the Knights of Labor, made dismal predictions as to the future of the country, and strongly intimated that workmen would yet be compelled to resort to force to secure their rights.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the local American Railway union. The principal speaker was L. W. Rogers, of Chicago, editor of the Railway Times, whose remarks contained nothing unusual.

Sovereign said, in part: "I tell you that I believe every word I say when I make the statement that unless we can get control of the government from the president to the last congressman in 1896 the plutocrats will set up a government and grind us into the ground. They will make this a monarchy, or something equally as bad, and the little liberty we still have will be taken away."

"We must abandon our old ideas of strikes and go to the ballot box. I have been upon this line for some time, and will continue. I have the honor to be an executive officer of one of the leading labor organizations of the country, and as long as I am at the head of it I will march it to victory or I will march it to death. Better death in this way than not to march at all."

FREE PRESBYTERIANS.

A Pennsylvania Minister Who is Breaking Up Families.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 26.—The preaching of Rev. Dr. W. J. McCrory, pastor of the Free Presbyterian church, of Rochester, Pa., has created a sensation throughout the Beaver valley. His recent discourses, urging the practical application of the Biblical laws concerning unequal marriages, has caused trouble in several homes, and may lead to divorce proceedings.

He based his statements on a portion of the sixth chapter of the Second Epistle to the Corinthians, which reads: "Be ye not unequally yoked together with unbelievers; for what fellowship hath righteousness with unrighteousness and what communion hath light with darkness?"

Following this base of reasoning, he argued that where a Christian and an ungodly one were so yoked together a great sin was committed, and was repeated with every exercise of the prerogative of the bond.

Dr. McCrory has traveled extensively all through the valley at the junction of the Beaver and Ohio, and has believers in his doctrine of sanctification in all of the six or eight towns in the territory mentioned.

Desperate Attempt at Suicide.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 26.—Fred Grisley, a mail-carrier living on the West Side, and who has been delirious from fever since Tuesday morning and cut a deep wound in his throat. It was not wide enough to require sewing up, but no sooner had the physician left than Grisley tore it into a terrible wound with his fingers. Two stitches were then put in it, but these were soon torn out, and the patient was put under the influence of chloroform and six stitches put in. He is in a critical condition and may die.

America Needs It.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The new treatment by inoculation for diphtheria and croup as practiced in France is the subject of a special report to the state department by United States Consul C. W. Chancellor, at Havre. He says that by this method of treatment only one out of four diphtheritic patients succumb, whereas the figure is double for other methods of treatment heretofore applied. Consequently the consul, who is a Baltimore physician of repute, says that it would seem very desirable that the anti-diphtheritic serum should be introduced into general use at the earliest period practicable in America.

A Providential Escape.

GALLIPOLIS, O., Oct. 26.—The children of the Garfield school had just been dismissed Wednesday evening, when a monstrous rock from the apex of the hill behind the school crashed through the building, completely destroying the furniture of the room which the children had just left. Had Prof. Porter detained his scholars five minutes, probably 50 would have been crushed.

Multimillionaire, But Wants More.

STOUT FALLS, S. D., Oct. 26.—A suit involving mining property valued at \$2,343,750 will be tried at the present session of the federal court here. The plaintiff is the Chicago millionaire, Samuel W. Allerton. He claims a fifty-third interest in the Home Stake mine, No. 2, in the Black Hills.

Wayward Girls Arrested.

PORTSMOUTH, O., Oct. 26.—Florence Boyd and Lizzie Smith, who claim Dayton as their home, are under arrest here. They were found camping out with two men, and themselves wearing men's clothing. They claim they thus disguised themselves so they could beat their way home.

Will Defend Col. Coit.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 26.—Hon. J. D. Van Deman, a prominent attorney of Delaware, has tendered his professional services to Col. A. B. Coit, of the Fourteenth regiment, in anticipation of the action of the Fayette county grand jury.

Burned While at the Lodge.

LIMA, O., Oct. 26.—Wm. Winder, while doing degree work in the Odd-fellows' lodge, was so seriously burned by the explosion of a lamp that he can not recover.

Ship Canal Survey.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 26.—Friday quite a large delegation of Dayton business men will go to Cincinnati in the interest of the survey of the Miami and Erie ship canal.

STILL LIVES.

Last Words to His People From the Russian Monarch.

A Pathetic Scene in the Royal Sick Chamber at Livadia.

Ex-Empress Frederick, of Germany, Affected About the Czar's Illness—Prof. Zacharin Severely Blamed for His Mistaken Diagnosis.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The news from Livadia Thursday morning is very conflicting, each fresh telegram contradicting the preceding one, with the result that no one can make out what is the actual condition of the czar.

A dispatch from Frankfurt says that the ex-Empress Frederick of Germany is particularly affected about the czar's illness, recalling as it does the comparatively recent death of her husband. It is added that she and the emperor, her son, have written letters of sympathy to the czarina.

St. Petersburg dispatches, Thursday morning, say there is a general feeling of indignation against Prof. Zacharin, whose mistaken diagnosis in the first place, it is claimed, was rendered more injurious to the patient by the professor's negligence and lack of medical skill. Prof. Zacharin has been severely blamed, according to these advices, by Prof. Leyden, and it is asserted, that should the czar die, it will be because proper treatment was not undertaken in time.

The dispatches referred to add that since the crisis the czarina has been subject to continual trembling and syncope. It is also stated that Wednesday the condition of the czar varied between drowsiness and comparative cheerfulness. During one of the latter periods the czar is said to have been left alone with the czarowitch for an hour, and it is understood that during this interview the emperor dictated a loving message of farewell to Russia, which message will be issued upon his death. This message is said to be of a purely personal nature, and to have no bearing upon politics.

The czar is reported to be much gratified at the expressions of sympathy upon the part of the Russian people and it is said that he fully realizes the gravity of his position.

BERLIN, Oct. 26.—The Russian embassy here has received dispatches from Livadia, dated Thursday morning, saying that a slight improvement has taken place in the czar's condition.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Yalta says that symbols of joy and sorrow jostle each other everywhere in the neighborhood. State carriages and regiments of troops for the imperial marriage arrived at the same time as the mourning coaches and liveries of woe which will be required in the event of the czar's death.

NOTED CRANK.

Calls on the President and Demands Admission to Dr. Bryant's.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—A crank, and one of note, called Thursday morning on Dr. Joseph Bryant, 34 West Thirty-sixth street, where President Cleveland is stopping, and demanded to see the president.

The man's name is Richard Goedeler, of 414 West Fifty-seventh street. Goedeler is the same crank who, some years ago, wrote to Emperor William, of Germany, challenging him to a duel. Goedeler went up to Dr. Bryant's house about 9 o'clock.

He rang the doorbell violently, and when the butler responded demanded to see the president. The butler told him quietly but firmly that the president could not be seen. Goedeler was finally argued into going away.

That President Cleveland is not surrounded by a throng of private detectives is shown by the episode of the morning. None of them were in evidence at the time of Crank Goedeler's arrival. Mr. Goedeler could not be seen after the time he left Dr. Bryant's house.

Liab to Be Lynched.

WAYCROSS, Ga., Oct. 26.—A Negro, supposed to be Ephraim Meeker, the assassin of I. J. Brown, a prominent citizen living near here, is under arrest. If identified as Meeker, he will not escape lynching. Threats are made by Brown's friends to that effect. It was reported last year that Meeker had been captured and a mob had taken him from the officers and burned him alive, after riddling his body with bullets. This was untrue, as the lynched Negro was Meeker's accomplice in the murder.

War Relics Found.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Oct. 26.—A stranger, who stopped with J. Cottrell, at Cumberland Gap, told him that in 1863, he and others buried a case of guns near there by order of Gen. John H. Morgan. Wednesday, Mr. Cottrell dug down seven feet at the spot pointed out, and found them. There are twenty-five Engfield rifles, all in good condition. The man states there are other Morgan relics buried near.

French Sailors Killed.

BREST, France, Oct. 26.—While the cruiser Arethuse was testing her engines Thursday preparatory to sailing for the east in order to reinforce the French squadron in Chinese waters a boiler explosion took place on board of her, killing six men and badly scalding twenty.

Line Fence Causes Trouble.

NORTH VERNON, Ind., Oct. 26.—Wallace and Helper Downs, brothers, living six miles west of here engaged in a fight over the location of a line fence. As a result, Wallace is not expected to live from wounds received about the head, made with a whip in the hands of Helper.

Awful Earthquake.

YOKOHAMA, Oct. 26.—Three thousand houses have been destroyed by a succession of violent earthquake shocks. As far as known, 300 lives have been lost and a large number of people have been injured.

CONDENSED NEWS

Gathered From All Parts of the Country by Telegraph.

Robert Bower is under arrest charged with embezzlement of \$3,300 from the India Wharf Brewing Co., New York.

By a cave-in in the Penable mine at Ironwood, Mich., Thursday, one man was killed and eleven cut off from escape.

Controller Eckels left Washington Thursday on a short campaign tour, which will include a speech at Pittsburgh.

The president and Mrs. Cleveland and the two little Cleverlands and their nurses arrived in Washington at 10:10 Thursday night.

Immense destruction is being wrought by prairie fires in Cherry, Thomas, Grant, Hooker and Sheridan counties, Nebraska.

The Manufacturers' association, of Fall River, Mass., at a meeting Thursday afternoon, voted unanimously to make no concession to the weavers.

Government statistics just issued show that the indebtedness on the farms of Kentucky amounts to 40 per cent. of their value—nearly one-half.

Mrs. Cleveland has consented to christen the steamship St. Louis, of the International Navigation Co., which will be launched from Cramp's shipyard, Philadelphia, November 12.

While the Widow Longchery, of Edinburgh, Ind., was over the wash tub she received word that she had been allowed a pension and back pay amounting to \$4,994.96, and in the future will draw \$15 per month.

Capt. R. H. Pratt's fifteenth annual report of the Carlisle Indian school shows a successful year with advances in all departments. In that time only one death has occurred. There are now on farms 393 boys and 323 girls.

Several heathen peasants, of the village of Starais, near Montana, province of Viatka, have been arrested and will shortly be tried at Sarapoul on the charge of murdering, beheading and disemboweling a man whom they sacrificed to their gods.

Judge Jonathan Dixon, of the New Jersey supreme court, was arraigned before Justice of the Peace Senior, of Paterson, N. J., Thursday, for violation of the game law. Judge Dixon pleaded not guilty. The case is to be heard next Thursday.

At Brest, while the cruiser Arethuse was testing her engines, Thursday, preparatory to sailing for the east in order to reinforce the French squadron in Chinese waters, a boiler explosion took place on board of her, killing six men and badly scalding twenty.

Assistant Chief of the Columbus, O., Fire Department Walsh and a fireman named Tipton Dundon were caught under the heavy slate roof in a burning barn Thursday night, and seriously bruised. Their back seems to be dislocated, and it is believed they are fatally injured.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 25. FLOUR—Sales of family at \$2.00; fancy at \$2.20; spring patent at \$3.40; winter patent at \$2.50.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, track, at 94c. HARLEY—Sales of sample fall, to arrive, at 57c.

CORN—Sales yellow year, new, track, at 40c; mixed year, new, at 37c; white ear, new, track, 38c; No. 2 mixed, track, at 51c.

OATS—Sales No. 2 mixed, track, at 30c; rejected mixed, track, at 28c; sample mixed, track, at 29c; No. 3 white, at 31c.

RYE—Sales No. 2 track, at 50c. CATTLE—Heavy steers, fair to good, \$4.00 to \$4.40; select butchers, \$3.85 to \$4.25; fair to good, \$2.85 to \$3.75; common to ordinary, \$1.75 to \$2.50; Heifers: Good to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.75; fair to medium, \$2.00 to \$2.75.

CALVES—Common and large, \$2.50 to \$4.50; fair to good light, \$3.00 to \$4.00; extra, \$4.00. HOGS—Select heavy shipping, \$4.05 to \$4.70; select butcher, \$4.30 to \$4.65; packing, \$4.30 to \$4.50; common and rough, \$4.00 to \$4.30; light shippers, \$4.35 to \$4.60.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep: Poor to extra, \$2.00 to \$3.75. Lambs: Common to choice, \$1.50 to \$3.50.

WOOL—Unwashed, fine merino, per lb., 90c; quarter blood clothing, 12c; coarse, 13c; medium delaine and clothing, 15c; coarse, 15c; fine, 16c; medium combing, 18c; fine, 19c; washed, fine merino, X to XX, per lb., 10c to 12c; medium clothing, 15c; delaine fleece, 15c; long combing, 16c; quarter blood and low, 15c; 16c; common coarse, 16c; tub-washed, average, 18c; choice, 16c to 20c; tub-washed, average, 18c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and October, 53c to 54c; December, 53c to 54c; May, 50c to 51c.

CORN—Mixed year, 49c bid; January, 50c asked.

OATS—No. 2 white western, 34c asked; No. 2 mixed do, 32c asked.

RYE—No. 2, 52c.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25. RYE—Western, 48c to 50c.

HARLEY—Western, 60c to 65c; No. 2 Milwaukee, 60c to 61c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red spot and elevator, 54c to 55c; afloat, 56c; No. 2 white, 55c to 56c; ungraded red, 50c to 51c; No. 1 northern, 64c.

CORN—No. 2, 57c elevator, 57c to 57c afloat; No. 2 white, 57c delivered.

OATS—No. 2, 31c; No. 2 white, 34c to 35c; No. 2 Chicago, 32c; No. 3, 30c; No. 3 white, 34c; mixed western, 32c to 34c; white do and white state, 35c to 36c.

TOLEDO, O., Oct. 25. WHEAT—No. 2 red cash, 52c to 53c; December, 53c to 54c; May, 50c to 51c.

CORN—No. 3 mixed cash, 40c.

OATS—Nominal.

RYE—No. 2 cash, 40c.

CLOVERSEED—Market quiet; cash and October, 55c to 56c; January, 55c.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 25. CATTLE—Prime, \$5.00 to \$5.25; good butchers, \$3.75 to \$4.00; rough fat, \$2.50 to \$3.15; fair light steers, \$3.30 to \$3.50.

HOGS—Philadelphia, \$4.05 to \$4.10; best Yorkers, \$4.00 to \$4.05; common to fair Yorkers, \$3.75 to \$4.00; pigs, \$4.25 to \$4.50; good sows, \$4.00 to \$4.25.

SHEEP—Extra, \$2.00 to \$2.20; good, \$2.00 to \$2.10; fair, \$1.50 to \$1.80; common, \$1.00 to \$1.50; yearlings, \$2.00 to \$2.50; lambs, \$2.00 to \$2.25.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 25. CATTLE—Fair, fat bulls, \$2.50.

HOGS—Yorkers, \$4.05 to \$4.10; good packers, \$4.70 to \$4.80; good medium, \$4.75 to \$4.80; roughs, \$3.90 to \$4.10.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Good lambs, \$3.25 to \$3.50; choice, \$3.50 to \$3.80; common light to fair, \$2.50 to \$3.15; native sheep common to good, \$1.50 to \$2.00; choice, \$2.15 to \$2.25.

CASH quotations: Flour quiet. No. 2 spring wheat, 55c to 56c; No. 3 spring wheat, nominal; No. 2 red, 51c to 52c; No. 3 corn, 50c; No. 2 oats, 27c; No. 2 white, 30c to 31c; No. 2 white, 29c to 30c; No. 2 rye, 60c to 61c; No. 2 barley, 53c; No. 3, 51c to 52c; No. 4, 50c to 51c.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 25. CATTLE—Good to choice shipping, \$4.50 to \$5.25; medium to good, \$3.50 to \$4.25; common to fair, \$2.50 to \$3.25.

HOGS—Good to choice medium and heavy, \$4.00 to \$4.75; mixed and heavy packing, \$4.50 to \$4.80; good to choice light, \$4.40 to \$4.60.

SHEEP—Choice to extra lambs, \$2.50 to \$3.25; common lambs, \$1.75 to \$2.75; good sheep, \$2.00 to \$2.25.

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